## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

CHARLES THORNTON, )	
Plaintiff,	
)	C.A. No.: 05-10210-MEL
v. )	
)	
UNITED PARCEL SERVICE, INC.,)	
Defendant.	
)	

#### MOTION TO AMEND COMPLAINT

Now comes the Plaintiff in the above-entitled matter, and hereby moves this Court for leave to amend the complaint to correct the case caption and to add additional counts of disability discrimination. As grounds therefore, the Plaintiff states the following:

- 1. Discovery has revealed evidence of additional theories under which the Defendant is liable.
- 2. The additional counts relate back to the original pleading as defined by Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(c).
- 3. The amendments are in the interest of justice.

Charles Thornton By His Attorneys

Dated: February 10, 2006

//s// Michael Tumposky Stephen Hrones BBO No. 242860 Michael Tumposky BBO No. 660618 Hrones, Garrity & Hedges Lewis Wharf -Bay 232 Boston, MA 02110 (617) 227-4019

## **LOCAL RULE 7.1 CERTIFICATION**

Undersigned counsel certifies that the parties have conferred and have attempted in good faith to resolve or narrow the issue.

> //s// Michael Tumposky Michael Tumposky

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Michael Tumposky, herby certify that, on this the 10th day of February, 2006, I served a copy of this document, where unable to do so electronically, by first-class mail as follows: Laurie Alexander-Krom, Murtha Cullina, 99 High Street, Boston, MA 02110.

> //s// Michael Tumposky Michael Tumposky

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

CHARLIE THORNTON,	)	C.A. No.: 05-10210-MEL
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
V.	)	
	)	PROPOSED AMENDED COMPLAINT
UNITED PARCEL SERVICE,	INC.,)	
Defendant.	)	
	)	

# **INTRODUCTION**

Plaintiff Charlie Thornton files this civil action for money damages against his former employer, Defendant United Parcel Service, Inc., alleging violations of the American's With Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101, et seq. and M.G.L. c. 151B. The Plaintiff alleges that the Defendant discriminated against him in the terms and conditions of his employment when it failed to reasonably accommodate his disability. The Plaintiff further alleges that this discrimination was caused by the Defendant's policy and practice of consistently refusing to offer any accommodation to disabled employees.

## **JURISDICTION**

1. Jurisdiction of this action arises under 28 U.S.C. §§1343; 1331; 1332, and the American's With Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C § 12101, et seq. (hereinafter the "A.D.A"). This court also has pendant jurisdiction of the state claims.

#### **PARTIES**

- 2. Plaintiff Charlie Thornton (hereinafter "Mr. Thornton") is an individual residing in Billerica, Middlesex County, Massachusetts.
- 3. Defendant United Parcel Service, Inc. (hereinafter "U.P.S.") is a corporation duly organized pursuant to the laws of the state of Delaware with a principal place of business

at 55 Glenlake Parkway, NE Atlanta, GA, and is authorized to conduct business in Chelmsford, MA as well as various other locations throughout the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

## **FACTS**

- 4. Mr. Thornton began working for U.P.S. in 1968 as a feeder driver, which is a position that requires an employee, among other things, to connect trailers and drive a tractor trailer over long distances.
- 5. After several years of employment with U.P.S., Mr. Thornton suffered from a chronic back problem for which he sought reasonable accommodations from U.P.S.
- 6. In 1993, Mr. Thornton filed a Charge of Discrimination alleging discrimination on the basis of a disability due to his chronic back condition with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (hereinafter "E.E.O.C."), Docket Number 16C930585 and a corresponding Charge of Discrimination with the Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination (hereinafter "M.C.A.D.), Docket Number 93BEM0030.
- 8. Specifically, in July 1995, Mr. Thornton identified certain work restrictions: (1) an inability to lift over 30 pounds and (2) an inability to drive more than 90 minutes without taking a break.
- 9. As a reasonable accommodation to Mr. Thornton's back condition, U.P.S. agreed on August 7, 1995, that Mr. Thornton could bid on assignments that fit within his work restrictions.
- 10. On October 2, 1996, the E.E.O.C. disposed of Mr. Thornton's charges of discrimination docket number 16C930585 subject to the agreement U.P.S. to perform its promises and representations made on August 7, 1995.

- 11. Notwithstanding the agreement in August 1995 of U.P.S. to abide by Mr. Thornton's work restrictions, on numerous occasions from 1995 to 2002, U.P.S. insisted that Mr. Thornton perform tasks outside of the identified work restrictions.
- 12. The refusal of U.P.S. to consistently honor the maximum lifting restriction of 30 pounds and the 90-minute driving restriction has resulted in further exacerbation of Mr. Thornton's back condition.
- 13. On May 9, 2000, a physician selected by U.P.S., diagnosed Mr. Thornton with chronic ulnar nerve neuropathy on the right side and severe nerve impingement of the right shoulder. The physician further noted that Mr. Thornton required surgical intervention and that Mr. Thornton could not drive a tractor trailer until the surgical procedure was completed.
- 14. Initially, U.P.S. declined Mr. Thornton's claim for worker's compensation related to the injury to his right shoulder and refused to pay for the surgery related to Mr. Thornton's right shoulder, claiming that the injury was not work-related.
- 15. As a result of the medical report of May 9, 2000, Mr. Thornton was forced to take a medical leave of absence.
- 16. On July 11, 2000, the U.P.S. physician amended his report of May 9, 2000, and modified Mr. Thornton's work restrictions to a period of three (3) weeks to include the following (1) no driving, (2) no climbing, and (3) no lifting beyond 30 pounds.
- 17. In July 2000, U.P.S. rejected Mr. Thornton's request for light duty notwithstanding its contract with Teamsters Local 25 (hereinafter "the Union") which required U.P.S. to offer an employee in Mr. Thornton's position, either a full-time light

duty position or two part-time light duty positions. To add further insult to injury, U.P.S. objected to Mr. Thornton's application on July 28, 2000 for unemployment benefits.

- 18. On September 18, 2000, a second physician selected by U.P.S. cleared Mr. Thornton to return to work to drive a tractor trailer.
- 19. Upon Mr. Thornton's return to work on September 18, 2000, as a tractor trailer driver, he met with his supervisor who assigned Mr. Thornton to a driving route within his work restrictions of no lifting beyond 30 pounds.
- 20. This assignment required Mr. Thornton to drive a tractor trailer roundtrip from Chelmsford, MA to Hartford, CT three days out of the week; the other portion of the assignment required Mr. Thornton to drive a tractor trailer roundtrip three times a day from Chelmsford, MA to Worcester, MA two days out of the week.
- 21. As the Chelmsford-Worcester-Hartford route was a driving only assignment, Mr. Thornton satisfactorily performed this assignment from September 18, 2001 to January 2001.
- 22. On January 20, 2001, Mr. Thornton underwent an independent medical evaluation at the request of U.P.S. related to Mr. Thornton's worker's compensation claim.
- 23. As part of the evaluation on January 20, 2001, the physician recommended the continuation of the "permanent work restrictions of no heavy lifting, such as loading and unloading of trucks" because "[the restrictions] have been effective in allowing him to continue to work on a regular basis."
- 24. In February 2001, shortly before the bidding process for driving assignments concluded, Mr. Thornton was informed that he could not drive the Chelmsford-Worcester-Hartford route.

- 25. Mr. Thornton was advised to bid on other available jobs or to face the prospect of loosing his job at U.P.S. Mr. Thornton initially bid on an assignment that included a second driver to share long distance driving responsibilities. Mr. Thornton was unsuccessful in obtaining this bid because he could not find a driving partner within such a short period of time as the bidding process for assignments ended on or about February 12, 2001.
- 26. As an alternative, Mr. Thornton requested the opportunity to perform other available light duty or "inside jobs" as provided for in the collective bargaining agreement between the Union and U.P.S.
- 27. The term "inside" jobs includes but is not limited to the following jobs: operations clerk, car washer, sorter, irregular processor, preloader, pick off/high volume, pick off/runout belt.
- 28. In February 2001, Mr. Thornton was denied the opportunity to work available light duty or "inside" jobs.
- 29. As a consequence, Mr. Thornton reluctantly selected an assignment to drive a tractor trailer from Chelmsford, MA to Buffalo, N.Y. because, in his estimation, this assignment was the least physically demanding assignment available.
- 30. The Chelmsford-Buffalo route included tasks clearly outside of Mr. Thornton's identified work restrictions because this assignment required lifting a dolly weighing 70-90 pounds in order to attach double trailers and it required Mr. Thornton to drive for more than 90 minutes without breaks.
- 31. The refusal in February 2001 of U.P.S. to alter the Chelmsford-Worcester-Hartford assignment to fit within Mr. Thornton's medical restrictions or allow Mr.

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Thornton to bid on an available "inside" or light-duty position constitutes a failure to offer a reasonable accommodation.

- 32. Furthermore, the failure of U.P.S. to alter the Chelmsford-Worcester-Hartford assignment to fit within Mr. Thornton's medical restrictions or to give Mr. Thornton a light duty assignment exacerbated Mr. Thornton's physical disability.
- On or about March 5, 2001, during a trip to Buffalo, Mr. Thornton suffered a back spasm, which required medical treatment in the emergency room of a hospital in Buffalo, N.Y. Mr. Thornton's condition was so severe that he had to stay in a hotel overnight in Buffalo, N.Y. and take the train back to Massachusetts the following day.
- 34. After the incident of March 5, 2001, Mr. Thornton was out of work a number of weeks.
- 35. On March 14, 2001, a physician from the U.P.S. medical referral list issued the following work restrictions for Mr. Thornton (1) no driving longer than 90 minutes; (2) 30-pound lifting restriction; (3) a maximum work day of nine (9) hours; and (4) no repetitive lifting. These restrictions are the same restrictions to which U.P.S. agreed in August, 1995.
- 36. After a few weeks of recuperation, Mr. Thornton returned to work and was reassigned to the Chelmsford-Worcester-Hartford route. Additionally, upon his return, Mr. Thornton satisfactorily performed various "inside" jobs such as car washing and sweeping out trailers.
- 37. In the fall of 2001, U.P.S. changed the duties underlying the Chelmsford-Worcester-Hartford route, thus requiring Mr. Thornton to again bid on the Chelmsford-Buffalo route, even though it was outside his restrictions.

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- 38. Prior to accepting the reassignment to the Chelmsford-Buffalo route in the fall of 2001, Mr. Thornton, again, requested to work in an available light duty or "inside" job. U.P.S. denied Mr. Thornton's request to work a light duty or "inside" job.
- 39. Faced with the prospect of loosing his job for the second time within a year, Mr. Thornton reluctantly bid on the Chelmsford-Buffalo route.
- 40. Throughout 2002 Mr. Thornton's back condition and shoulder condition rapidly deteriorated because the Chelmsford-Buffalo assignment involved lifting between 70-90 pounds and driving long distances without a break.
- 41. On September 16, 2002, Mr. Thornton underwent his biannual physical examination as required by the Department of Transportation (hereinafter "the D.O.T."). Mr. Thornton was advised that he had failed the physical examination due to his jobrelated injuries to his right shoulder and chronic lower back pain.
- 42. Based upon the physical evaluation of September 16, 2002, Mr. Thornton was diagnosed as suffering from a permanent medical condition related to his right shoulder injury and chronic back problem which precluded him from working as a tractor trailer driver.
- 43. On September 16, 2002, Mr. Thornton immediately advised his supervisor, Kenneth Mundry (hereinafter "Mr. Mundry"), that he had failed the D.O.T. physical examination.
- 44. Upon learning of Mr. Thornton's failure to pass the D.O.T. examination, Mr. Mundry offered Mr. Thornton an "inside" job in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement with the Union. Approximately one hour later, Mr. Mundry rescinded the offer of an "inside" job to Mr. Thornton.

- 45. Mr. Thornton filed a grievance with the Union based upon the failure of U.P.S. to offer him an "inside" job.
- 46. The Union declined to proceed with Mr. Thornton's grievance regarding U.P.S.' failure to provide him with an "inside" job.
- 47. On September 19, 2002, and December 6, 2002, respectively, physicians selected by U.P.S. determined that Mr. Thornton's medical condition had deteriorated to the point that he was permanently unable to perform "inside" jobs such as operations clerk, car washer; sorter, irregular processor, preloader, pick off/high volume, and pick off/runout belt.
- 48. Mr. Thornton last worked at U.P.S. on September 16, 2002 and eventually retired from U.P.S.
- 49. The failure of U.P.S. between 2001 and September 2002 to continuously offer Mr. Thornton the reasonable accommodation of driving with a maximum lifting restriction of 30 pounds and a limit of 90-minutes of driving without a break, or in the alternative, allow him to work available "inside" jobs, caused Mr. Thornton's physical condition to deteriorate to the point that he was declared medically unfit to perform <u>any</u> function at U.P.S.
- 50. The failure of U.P.S. to consistently adhere to the work restrictions in place or offer an available "inside" job between February, 2001 and September 16, 2002 is a violation of the A.D.A. 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq. and M.G.L. c. 151B, § 4 (16).
- 51. U.P.S discriminated against Mr. Thornton on the basis of his handicap due to his right shoulder injury and chronic back condition.

- 52. Moreover, this discrimination and failure to offer reasonable accommodation was due to an unlawful employment policy requiring employees to obtain a "100 % medical release," without restrictions, before being allowed to return to work from a medical leave.
- 53. This "100 % medical release" policy forced Mr. Thornton to bid on jobs outside his restrictions because U.P.S. refused to accommodate his medical limitations.
- 54. The actions of U.P.S. were intentional, malicious and/or done with reckless indifference to Mr. Thornton's rights.
- 55. Mr. Thornton has suffered financial as well as physical and emotional injury as a result of the discriminatory acts of U.P.S.
- 56. Mr. Thornton has complied with all statutory requirements and conditions precedent necessary to maintain this action by filing a timely charge with the MCAD and the EEOC.
- 57. On November 4, 2004, the EEOC issued Mr. Thornton a notice of right of suit.

# **COUNT I- DISABILITY DISCRIMINATION** (Violation of the American with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C., §12101, et seq.)

- 58. Mr. Thornton repeats the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 57 as if fully set forth herein.
- 59. Mr. Thornton was, at all times relevant, a qualified individual with a disability within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. 12111, §101(8).
- 60. By the actions described above in Paragraphs 1 through 59, U.P.S. is liable for its intentional violations of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §12101, et seg.

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# **COUNT II-POLICY AND PRACTICE DISCRIMINATION** (Violation of the American with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C., §12101, et seq.)

- 61. Mr. Thornton repeats the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 60 as if fully set forth herein.
- 62. The "100% medical release" policy of U.P.S. represents a per se unlawful and discriminatory employment practice, in violation of 42 U.S.C. §12101, et seq.

# **COUNT III- HANDICAP DISCRIMINATION** (Violation of M.G.L. c. 151B, §4(16))

- 63. Mr. Thornton repeats the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 62 as if fully set forth herein.
- 64. The conduct of U.P.S. represents intentional discrimination on the basis of handicap in violation of M.G.L. c. 151B, §4 (16).

# **COUNT IV-POLICY AND PRACTICE DISCRIMINATION** (Violation of M.G.L. c. 151B, § 4(16))

- 65. Mr. Thornton repeats the allegations contained in paragraph 1 through 64 as if fully set forth herein.
- 66. The "100% medical release" policy of U.P.S. represents a per se unlawful and discriminatory employment practice, in violation of M.G.L. c. 151B, et seg.

## **RELIEF SOUGHT**

**WHEREFORE**, Mr. Thornton respectfully requests that this Honorable Court award:

- 1. Compensatory damages including back pay, front pay, medical expenses and emotional distress;
- 2. Punitive damages;
- 3. Reasonable costs of this litigation including attorney's fees; and,
- 4. Whatever such relief as this Court deems necessary and just.

## **JURY DEMAND**

The Plaintiff Charlie Thornton requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Charlie Thornton By His Attorneys

DATED: February 10, 2006

//s// Michael Tumposky
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#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Michael Tumposky, herby certify that, on this the 10th day of February, 2006, I served a copy of this document, where unable to do so electronically, by first-class mail as follows: Laurie Alexander-Krom, Murtha Cullina, 99 High Street, Boston, MA 02110.

//s// Michael Tumposky
Michael Tumposky